

Jocelyn Campbell

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...and ever

for violin and piano

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phonewifery

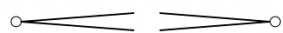
. . . a n d e v e r

for violin and piano

A note on the use of irrational time signatures:

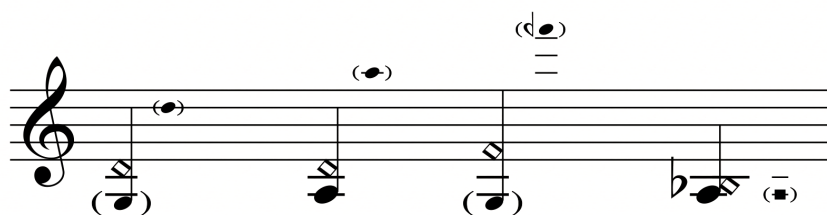
The latter half of the piece employs the usage of irrational time signatures such as 3/20, 4/24 and 2/6 (among others). I have opted to use this convention as a way of writing phrase lengths which incorporate underlying triplet and quintuplet pulses that do not have to conform to even patterns of threes and fives, or additionally do not require many highly specific tempo modulations. With these irrational time signatures the convention remains of the denominator indicating the length of the beat relative to the subdivision of a semibreve; so as 4/4 indicates four crotchets to a bar, 3/20 indicates three quintuplet semiquavers to a bar, 4/24 indicates four triplet semiquavers to a bar, and 2/6 indicates two triplet crotchets to a bar. The pulse of these irrational time signatures is always either preceded or followed by a passage of regular tuplets of the same duration in conventional meter and has the tuplet pulse bracketed below for clarity. Also, in the interests of clarity in this matter, the whole piece contains no tempo changes whatsoever until the very end and is to be played at a precise quaver = 80 until the final rallentando.

Performance Notes:

 - from silence, into silence

 - quartertones

Harmonics: both natural and artificial harmonics are used throughout the piece. In addition to the commonly used natural harmonic touchpoints (M3rd, P4th, P5th, 8va) more tonally unstable harmonics are also used (m2nd, m7th etc.) these 'harmonics' are notated as natural harmonics but vary in their degree of pitch volatility and noise content. Similarly, artificial harmonics with the touchpoint of a m2nd are used in the piece; this technique will produce mostly 'white noise' but with a faintly audible pitch of the fingered fundamental.



All tremolando written are unmetred and to be played as fast as possible

you can't be upset forever
[...]
it's too long
[...]
you'll get distracted

...and ever

(for violin and piano)

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4 $\text{♩} = 80$
8

Vln.

Pno.

pp *trills pianississimo sempre*

tr *(pp)*

5 *3* *3* *3* *5*

5 *3* *(pp)* *(ppp)*

Ped. sempre →

4

Vln.

Pno.

tr *3* *3* *3* *5*

tr *3* *5*

sul pont.

7

Vln.

II. *mp*

Pno.

tr *3* *3* *3* *5*

5 *3*

10

Vln.

Pno.

3 3 3 5 3

tr

13

Vln.

Pno.

circular bowing —————→ ord.

sul pont. —————→ ord.

gliss.

mp

3 3 5 3 3

tr

16

Vln.

Pno.

3 3 3 5 3

tr

Violin I (Vln.) part, measures 19-24. The score includes a second ending bracket labeled "II." and a dynamic marking of *mp* (mezzo-piano). The Piano (Pno.) part features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and a tremolo in the right hand, and a bass line with triplets and a quintuplet.

22

(s) *gliss.*

II. (●)

Vln.

8va

(tr)

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

5

3

Pno.

25

Vln.

ord.

8va

Pno.

tr

5

3

3

3

5

3

This image shows a musical score for measures 25-28 of 'The Swan' from 'The Nutcracker'. The score is written for Violin (Vln.) and Piano (Pno.). The Violin part begins in measure 25 with a whole rest, followed by a half note G4 in measure 26, and a half note A4 in measure 27. The Piano part is more complex, featuring a variety of rhythms and ornaments. In measure 25, the right hand plays a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4, while the left hand plays a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note B3. In measure 26, the right hand plays a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4, while the left hand plays a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note B3. In measure 27, the right hand plays a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4, while the left hand plays a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note B3. In measure 28, the right hand plays a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4, while the left hand plays a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note B3. The score includes various musical notations such as rests, notes, beams, and ornaments.

28

Vln.

mf

gliss.

Pno.

8^{va}

3

5

3

3

3

31

pont.

Vln.

gliss.

Pno.

8^{va}

3

5

tr

3

3

5

34

(pont.)

Vln.

Pno.

8^{va}

3

3

5

3

3

3

37

Vln.

mp

8^{va}

Pno.

40

Vln.

II. 7th partial

mp

8^{va}

Pno.

43

Vln.

gliss.

gliss.

8^{va}

Pno.

The musical score is divided into three systems, each containing a Violin (Vln.) and Piano (Pno.) part. The first system (measures 37-39) features a violin part with a long, sustained note and a piano part with complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and quintuplets. The second system (measures 40-42) includes a violin part with a section marked 'II. 7th partial' and a piano part with similar rhythmic complexity. The third system (measures 43-45) shows the violin part with glissandos and the piano part with further rhythmic development. The score is marked with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and includes various articulations such as trills and glissandos.

46

Vln.

Pno.

8^{va}

3 5 3 3

49

Vln.

Pno.

gliss.

mf

3 3 3 3

52

Vln.

Pno.

(I.)
sul pont.

3 3 3 3 5 5

55

ord. pont.

gliss.

Vln.

mp

Pno.

(tr)

3

3

3

3

3

5

3

3

58

ord.

Vln.

Pno.

5

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

tr

tr

61

gliss.

mf

Vln.

Pno.

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

tr

67

Vln.

gliss.

mf

Pno.

3

3

3

5

5

(b)

Violin (Vln.) part, measures 70-74. The violin plays a sustained note in measure 70, followed by a glissando in measure 71, and then a series of eighth notes in measures 72-74. The Piano (Pno.) part features a complex rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a prominent bass line in the left hand.

73

ord. → pont.

Vln.

Pno.

mp

76

→ ord.

Vln.

Pno.

$\frac{3}{20}$ $\frac{3}{16}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

(→ 5)

80

Vln.

Pno.

mf

$\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{2}{20}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

trm *trm*

(→ 5)

84 $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{7}{16}$

Vln.

Pno.

5 5 5 5 3

tr

87 $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

Vln.

Pno.

5 5 5 5

mp

90 $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{4}{20}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{4}{20}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

Vln.

Pno.

5 5 5 5 5

mp sempre (mp)

($\frac{1}{5}$)

94 $\frac{4}{8}$ ord. $\frac{3}{16}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

Vln.

Pno.

8^{va}-1

gliss.

98 $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

Vln.

Pno.

3

5

101 $\frac{4}{8}$ sul pont. circular bowing $\frac{4}{8}$

Vln.

Pno.

6

104

Vln.

ord.

5
24

4
8

Pno.

6

6

6

6

5
24

4
8

(6)

107

Vln.

mp

gliss..

4
8

3
20

4
8

Pno.

4
8

5

5

5

5

3
20

4
8

(5)

110

Vln.

4
8

4
24

4
8

2
20

4
8

Pno.

4
8

4
24

4
8

2
20

4
8

3

5

5

(6)

(5)

114

Vln. $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{16}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{2}{12}$

Pno. $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{16}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{2}{12}$

gliss. *mp*

3

118

Vln. $\frac{2}{12}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

Pno. $\frac{2}{12}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

gliss. *pont.*

($\frac{\quad}{\quad}$ 3) ($\frac{\quad}{\quad}$ 5)

122

Vln. $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{2}{6}$

Pno. $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{2}{6}$

ord. *mf*

3

126

Vln.

2/6 4/8

7th partial

pp

sul pont.

ppp

Pno.

2/6 4/8

(3)

(mp) (Ped.)

(pp)

3

130

Vln.

3

ord.

mp

ppp

p

Pno.

3

3

134

Vln.

mf

pp

Pno.

3

138 *gliss.* *sul pont.* *3* *gliss.* *gliss.* *gliss. (s)*

Vln. *ppp* *mp* *ppp* *p*

Pno.

Detailed description: This system contains measures 138 to 141. The violin part begins with a glissando (marked 'gliss.') leading into a triplet of eighth notes (marked '3'). This is followed by another triplet of eighth notes. The dynamics are marked ppp, mp, ppp, and p. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the right hand and sustained notes in the left hand.

142 *ord.* *mf*

Vln.

Pno.

Detailed description: This system contains measures 142 to 145. The violin part features a melodic line with a dynamic marking of mf. The piano part features triplets of eighth notes in the right hand and sustained notes in the left hand.

146 *pp* *sul pont.* *3* *ppp* *mp* *ppp* *p*

Vln.

Pno.

Detailed description: This system contains measures 146 to 149. The violin part begins with a melodic line marked pp, followed by a triplet of eighth notes. The dynamics are marked ppp, mp, ppp, and p. The piano part features triplets of eighth notes in the right hand and sustained notes in the left hand.

150

Vln.

ord.

gliss.

mf

Pno.

154

Vln.

pp

Pno.

158

Vln.

gliss.

sul pont.

3

ppp

mf

Pno.

162 poco sul pont. *ppp* *mp* gliss. arm

Vln.

Pno.

166 ord. *mf* gliss.

Vln.

Pno.

170 poco sul pont. pizz. arco ord. *ppp* *mp* gliss.

Vln.

Pno.

174

Vln.

gliss.

poco sul pont.

3

ppp

Pno.

3

178

Vln.

3

3

3

3

3

pizz.

mp

Pno.

3

Free, Slow

molto rall.

182

Vln.

arco

poco sul pont.

X

X

pp

ppp

pppp

pppppp

mp

p

pp

ppp