Unit: Drawing (week 1-38)

Key Concepts	Dates Taught/Lesson	I Can
continue to develop skills in		
the use of proportion and		
profiles in portraits, figures		
and/or animals		
introduce balance		
(symmetrical and radial		
design)		
introduce historical and		
cultural connections		
introduce movement (vertical,		
horizontal, diagonal) in		
drawing		
introduce space and use		
horizon line in drawing		
Paradana and		
use line, shape and		
pattern with variety and detail		
in drawings		

- 1. What are some different approaches to drawing?
- 2. How can I express my ideas through drawing?
- 3. How can I use line, shape and pattern with variety and detail?
- 4. How can I use proportion in portraits, figures and/or animals?
- 5. How do artists use horizon lines to create Space in their drawings?
- 6. How can I use a horizon line to create space in my drawings?
- 7. How do artists use symmetry and radial design in their drawings?

Unit: Collage/Mixed Media Sculpture (Week 6-38)

Key Concepts	Dates Taught/Lesson	I Can
continue craftsmanship with glue and scissors		
continue to use cut and/or torn images that are symmetrical forms, geometric and abstract shapes with purpose		
historical and cultural approaches to collage/mixed media and sculpture		
use a variety of mediums (paints/papers/recycled/craft)		
use Design Elements line, shape, form, color		
use 2D or 3D shapes		

- 1. How can I use 2-D shapes to create a 3-D artwork?
- 2. How can I use a variety of art and non-art materials to express my ideas?
- 3. Why do artists use more than one approach to create a collage/sculpture?
- 4. How can I use the Design Elements and Principles in my collage?
- 5. What are some different approaches collage art either historically or culturally.
- 6. How can I use cut/and or torn images in my work.
- 7. How can I cut symmetrical forms, geometric and/or abstract shapes with purpose?

Unit: Painting/Color Theory (Week 1-38)

Key Concepts	Dates Taught/Lesson	I Can
Color theory - paint color		
wheel include primary and		
secondary colors		
glaze or paint application on		
ceramics/sculpture/collage		
identify warm and cool colors		
introduce/identify		
complimentary colors		
introduce		
intermediate/analogous colors		
painting techniques - create		
texture and pattern in painting		
using line, shape and color		
painting techniques -		
introduce wet on wet		
watercolor		

- 1. How can I use paint to express my ideas?
- 2. Historically and/or Culturally compare and contrast how artists use more than one approach to painting?
- 3. How do artists use the color wheel when they paint?
- 4. How can I paint a color wheel using primary, secondary, and intermediate colors? How can I mix Intermediate and Analogous Colors?
- 5. How can I use the wet on wet watercolor technique to mix/create colors?
- 6. How do artists create texture and pattern with paint?
- 7. How can I use a variety of lines, shapes, and color in a painting to create texture and/or pattern?
- 8. How can I use glaze or paint on ceramics/sculpture or collage?

Unit: Ceramics (Week 10-27)

Key Concepts	Dates Taught/Lesson	I Can
create a sculptural form		
design elements/principles in clay art-(line, shape, form, color, texture, pattern)		
finishing techniques/glazing (Ceramic glazes, Tempera/water color/acrylic paint)		
found objects for stamping, hands & fingers, scoring tools, vinegar/slip, sculpting tools		
Plasticine Clay for practice		
unique tools related to clay work		
use Terricotta clay or Stoneware clay for finished ceramics		

- 1. How can I use tools that are for working with clay?
- 2. How can I create a ceramic artwork using the Design Elements that I have learned in 2D art?
- 3. How do artists use clay to create a sculptural work of art?
- 4. How can I apply specific techniques to create a finished surface on my ceramic art?
- 5. How can I identify/explain the Historical/Cultural role of clay.
- 6. How can I create a sculpture in clay?

Unit: Printmaking (Week 14-38)

Key Concepts	Dates Taught/Lesson	I Can
common instruments could		
also include hand/finger print,		
clay stamping,		
stamping/found objects,		
sponge print, objects from		
nature, mono print on Plexi-		
glass		
elements of art includes line,		
shape, texture, color, pattern		
and repetition		
introduction to mono printing		
and objects from nature		
printmaking (historical and		
cultural)		
investigate		
printmaking/printing in		
everyday life (books, etc.)		
and those careers		

Essential Questions

- 1. Why do humans print? (expression, record history, cultural etc.)
- 2. How can I express my ideas through printmaking?
- 3. What kind of pattern do you see?
- 4. How do artists use line, shape, color, pattern and repetition in printmaking?
- 5. How can you use a variety of shape, color and pattern to create your artwork?
- 6. How do artists create a Mono Print?
- 7. How can you create a mono print to create a finished artwork?
- 8. How can you use lines, color and shapes to create a mono print?
- 9. How do artists use objects from nature (Fish, Leaves, and Vegetables) in printmaking? How can you use natural objects to print a finished artwork?
- 10. How can you create a frame for a finished print?

PRINTMAKING TERMS

<u>PLATE</u> in etching and engraving (metal).

PRINT The actual picture the artist makes from a printmaking process.

<u>PRINTMAKING</u> The process of designing and producing prints using a printing block, woodcut, etching, lithographic, or screen-printing.

<u>STENCIL</u> A printing process by which areas are blocked out to keep ink from non-image areas. <u>MONOPRINT</u> (monotype) A print pulled in an edition of one. There is no series of identical prints that are signed and numbered. It is actually an image usually painted on glass or plexiglass, and transferred (or stamped) on paper